



A.B. Sanwalka & Co

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

903 Behind Community Centre, SECTOR 40 Gurugram, – 122001
Mobile No : 9911405413 Email –ID : ajaysanwalka@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

A2Z Infraservices Limited

Gurugram

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of A2Z Infraservices Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its financial performance (including other comprehensive income) and its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the financial year ended 31st March, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We do not have any matters to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements section of our report. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters, if any, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements.





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Management's Responsibility for the Standalone financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act; safeguarding the assets of the Company; preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.





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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India after consultation with the National Financial Reporting Authority (NFRA) constituted under section 132 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure I, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;





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- c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder;
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2025 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure II"; and
- g. In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31 March, 2025 has been paid / provided by the company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act.
- h. with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any material pending litigations which would impact its financial position as per the note given in its Standalone Ind AS financial statements;
- ii. The Company has not made any provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, as the company do not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The management has represented that ,to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no fund shave been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lender invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and





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(c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

3 As required by Reporting on Audit Trail by Independent Auditor (Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014) we report that:

Based on our examination which includes test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For A.B. Sanwalka & Co
Chartered Accountants
Regn No. 007017N


A.B. Sanwalka
Proprietor
Mno 085861

Date 26.5.2025

Place: Gurugram

UDIN: 25085861BMUMGJ9331



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Annexure-I

Referred to in paragraph (1) Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date on the standalone financial statement of A2Z Infrservices Limited ('the Company') for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) As per the physical verification program, Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification of the fixed assets is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets-
- (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and records provided, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) There is no inventory in the books of accounts during the year hence this clause is not applicable.
- (iii) (a) The company has not made any investment in, provided any guarantee or security, but the co. has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited liability Partnership or any other parties during the year as follows:

RS in Lakhs:

Particulars	Loans	Advances in nature of Loans	Guarantees	Security
A. Aggregate Amount granted/ provided during the year				
Subsidiaries	1142.03			
Joint Ventures				
Associates				
Others				
B. Balance Outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases.				
Subsidiaries	1142.03			





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Joint Ventures				
Associates				
Others				

*Gross Amounts

- (b) The investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all the above-mentioned loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided, during the year are, in our opinion, prima facie, are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) The loans granted or advances in the nature of loans provided in earlier years are payable on demand. During the year the Company has not demanded such loan or advances in the nature of loan. Having regard to the fact that the repayment of principal or interest has not been demanded by the Company, in our opinion the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular.
- (d) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, in respect of loans granted and advances in the nature of loans provided by the Company, no demand has been raised for repayment of principal or interest thereon. Having regard to the fact that the repayment of principal or interest has not been demanded by the Company, in our opinion there are no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- (e) No loan or advance in the nature of loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, during the year the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause (iii)(f) is not applicable.

	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate of loans/advances in nature of loans			
- Repayable on demand (A)	-		1142.03
- Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)			
Total (A+B)	-		1142.03
Percentage of loans/advances in nature of loans to the total loans	100%		100%

- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.





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- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and belief, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with the appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us there are no dues in respect of Goods & Service tax, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of excise, value added tax and cess that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, during the year, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to financial institutions/bank as detailed below:
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any government authority.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the terms loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans had been taken.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x)(a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instrument). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
- (b) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partly or optionally convertible) and hence reporting under clause (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.





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- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year which remained unattended by the competent authorities.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv)(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) The internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of the audit report, for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors. Accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 and hence reporting under clause (xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable. The Group does not have any CIC as part of the group and accordingly reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities (as per the payment schedule/ re-scheduled), other information accompanying the standalone financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company and/ or certificate with respect to meeting financial obligations by the Company as and when they fall due. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.





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- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has transferred amount in respect of other than ongoing projects to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Act before the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by the auditors of the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, provided to us by the Management of the Company and based on the identification of matters of qualifications or adverse remarks in their CARO reports by the respective component auditors and provided to us, we report that the auditors of such companies have not reported any qualifications or adverse remarks in their CARO report.

For A.B. Sanwalka & Co
Chartered Accountants
Regn No. 007017N



A.B. Sanwalka
A.B. Sanwalka
Proprietor
Mno 085861

Date 26.5.2025

Place: Gurugram

UDIN: 25085861BMUMGJ9331



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Annexure - II to the Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of the company of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of A2Z Infraservices Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.





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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For A.B. Sanwalka & Co
Chartered Accountants
Regn No. 007017N

A. Sanwalka
A.B. Sanwalka
Proprietor

Mno 085861

Date 26.5.2025

Place: Gurugram

UDIN: 25085861BMUMGJ9331

A2Z Infraserivces Limited
 Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025
 (Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

	Note No.	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS:			
Non-Current Assets:			
Property, Plant and Equipment	3	785.63	827.90
Intangible Assets	4	0.50	1.60
Financial Assets:			
Investments	5	1,382.83	1,303.74
Other Financial Assets	6	1,396.36	359.96
Deferred tax assets (Net)	7	1,119.90	1,265.97
Non-Current Tax Assets (Net)	8	3,068.84	2,996.60
Other Non-Current Assets	9	30.65	118.65
		7,784.71	6,874.42
Current Assets:			
Financial Assets:			
Trade Receivables	10	3,272.38	3,272.25
Cash and Cash Equivalents	11	161.01	18.03
Loans	12	2,029.42	887.50
Other Financial Assets	6	3,178.69	4,572.10
Other Current Assets	9	83.12	58.13
		8,724.63	8,808.01
		16,509.35	15,682.43
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
Equity:			
Equity Share Capital	13	381.60	381.60
Other Equity	14	8,043.24	6,819.83
		8,424.84	7,201.43
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Financial Liabilities:			
Provisions	15	229.91	500.32
		229.91	500.32
Current Liabilities:			
Financial Liabilities:			
Borrowings	16	2,554.51	2,160.93
Trade Payables	17		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		466.63	183.43
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,941.40	3,213.17
Other Financial Liabilities	18	811.66	938.79
Provisions	15	7.75	13.02
Other Current Liabilities	19	1,072.65	1,471.34
		7,854.59	7,980.68
		16,509.35	15,682.43

Summary of significant accounting policies 1-2

For A.B. Sanwalka & Co
 Chartered Accountants
 FRN 007017N

A.B. Sanwalka
 A.B. Sanwalka
 Proprietor
 M.No. 085861



UDIN 25085861BMUM9J9331

Place: Gurugram
 Date: 26.05.2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amit Mittal
 Amit Mittal
 Director
 (DIN: 00058944)

Dipali Mittal
 Dipali Mittal
 Whole time Director
 (DIN: 00872628)



Krishan Kumar Mishra
 Krishan Kumar Mishra
 Company Secretary
 M.No. A25496

A2Z Infraservices Limited
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2025
(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue:			
Revenue from operations	20	21,581.74	22,009.77
Other income	21	421.80	97.33
Total revenue		22,003.53	22,107.10
Expenses:			
Cost of materials consumed and services	22	6,777.91	6,279.54
Employee benefits expense	23	12,473.25	12,524.44
Finance costs	24	510.36	313.48
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses	25	155.05	158.83
Other expenses	26	615.48	986.24
Total expenses		20,532.06	20,262.52
Profit / (loss) before exceptional item and tax		1,471.48	1,844.57
Exceptional (loss)/gain		-	-
Profit / (loss) before tax		1,471.48	1,844.57
Tax expense	28		
Current Tax		376.77	452.70
Deferred Tax		77.11	(243.48)
		453.89	209.22
Profit / (loss) for the year		1,017.59	1,635.36
Other comprehensive income:			
A i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
a) Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations		274.00	94.74
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(68.96)	(23.85)
B i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
		205.04	70.89
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		1,222.63	1,706.25
Profit/(Loss) earnings per equity share :	27		
Basic (in INR)		26.67	42.86
Diluted (in INR)		26.67	42.86
Summary of significant accounting policies	1-2		
The accompanying notes are part of financial statements			

For A.B. Sanwalka & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN 007017N

A.B. Sanwalka
Proprietor
M.No. 085861




For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Amit Mittal
Director
(DIN: 00058944)


Dipali Mittal
Whole time Director
(DIN: 00872628)

Place: Gurugram
Date: 26.05.2025




Krishan Kumar Mishra
Company Secretary
M.No. A25496

A2Z Infraservices Limited
Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2025
(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
A Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	1,471.48	1,844.57
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	155.05	158.83
Interest expense	510.36	313.48
Assets written off	2.00	-
Liability written back	(256.48)	-
Interest income	(154.52)	(97.33)
Impact of recognising employee share based options at fair value of the option	0.79	3.17
Exceptional (gain)/loss	-	-
Provision for doubtful advances	-	325.12
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	1,728.68	2,547.84
Changes in working capital:		
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
Inventories	-	2.36
Trade receivables	256.35	700.82
Loans	(1,141.93)	0.76
Other financial assets	1,420.36	(698.79)
Other assets	63.00	37.32
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Trade payable	11.40	287.97
Other financial liability	(320.58)	(2,915.63)
Other current liability	(398.69)	(539.60)
Provision	(1.68)	112.27
	1,616.92	(464.67)
Current taxes paid (net of refunds)	(449.01)	(462.83)
Net cash generated from operating activities	1,167.91	(927.50)
B Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets (including capital work in progress)	(111.69)	(92.23)
Purchase of intangible assets	0.01	(0.78)
Fixed deposits placed (net)	(1,036.98)	106.03
Interest received	47.06	33.80
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	(1,101.60)	46.82
C Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from long term borrowings	-	-
Proceeds from short term borrowings (net)	393.58	678.55
Interest paid	(316.91)	(294.65)
Net cash used in from financing activities	76.67	383.91
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	142.98	(496.77)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	18.03	514.80
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	161.01	18.03
Components of cash and cash equivalents	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Cash on hand	0.14	0.40
Balances with banks		
- in current account	22.46	17.63
- in other account	138.41	-
	161.01	18.03

Summary of significant accounting policies

This is the cash flow statement as referred to in our report of even date.

1-2

For A.B. Sanwalka & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN 007017N

A.B. Sanwalka

A.B. Sanwalka

Proprietor

M.No. 085861



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Amit Mittal

Amit Mittal
Director
(DIN: 00058944)

Dipali Mittal

Dipali Mittal
Whole time Director
(DIN: 00872628)



Krishan Kumar Mishra

Krishan Kumar Mishra
Company Secretary
M.No. A25496

Place: Gurugram

Date: 26.05.2025

A2Z Infraservices Limited

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR lacs)

	Notes	Number of shares	Amount
A Equity share capital			
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up			
Equity Shares of INR 10 each			
Balance as at April 1, 2024	13	38,15,978	381.60
Changes in equity share capital		-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025		<u>38,15,978</u>	<u>381.60</u>

	Notes	Securities Premium Account	Employee Stock option reserve	Capital reserves	General Reserves	Reserves and Surplus- Retained earnings	Total
B Other Equity							
As at April 1, 2024	14	2,456.61	41.82	995.41	22.11	3,303.88	6,819.83
Add: Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	1,017.59	1,017.59
Add: Remeasurements benefits on defined benefit obligations		-	-	-	-	205.04	205.04
Add / [Less]: Addition during the year		-	0.79	-	-	-	0.79
Balance as at March 31, 2025		<u>2,456.61</u>	<u>42.60</u>	<u>995.41</u>	<u>22.11</u>	<u>4,526.51</u>	<u>8,043.25</u>

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached.

For A.B. Sanwalka & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN 007017N


A.B. Sanwalka
Proprietor
M.No. 085861



For and on behalf of the board of directors


Amit Mittal
Director
(DIN: 00058944)


Dipali Mittal
Whole time Director
(DIN: 00872628)



Krishan Kumar Mishra
Company Secretary
M.No. A25496

Place: Gurugram

Date: 26.05.2025



A2Z Infraservices Limited

Significant accounting policies for the period ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Note 1 : Nature of operations

A2Z Infraservices Limited (the Company) is the subsidiary of A2Z Infra Engineering Limited. It was incorporated at National Capital Territory of Delhi & Haryana on April 15, 2008.

In facility management services, the company provides back end management services for efficient functioning of Shopping Malls, Airports, Multiplexes, Corporate & Business Establishments like Operations and Maintenance (O&M) services such as Electromechanical Services, Environmental Services, Mechanized Housekeeping Service, Security Services, etc., upkeep of Railway Trains & Stations and other Comprehensive Services for Facilities/Administration Management.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of Accounting:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized on transfer of control of promised goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. This variable consideration is estimated based on the expected value of outflow. Revenue (net of variable consideration) is recognized only to the extent that it is highly probable that the amount will not be subject to significant reversal when uncertainty relating to its recognition is resolved.

2.2.1 Interest Income:

For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income [OCI], interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate [EIR]. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument [for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options] but does not consider the expected credit losses.

2.3 Other Income:

Other income is recognised when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realisation exists.

2.4 Borrowing Costs

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowing are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2.5 Other Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

All finite-lived intangible assets, including capitalised internally developed software, are accounted for using the cost model whereby capitalised costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date. In addition, they are subject to impairment testing as described in Note 2.7. The following useful lives are applied:

- Software: 3-5 years

Amortisation has been included within depreciation, amortisation and impairment of nonfinancial assets.

Subsequent expenditures on the maintenance of computer software is expensed as incurred.

When an intangible asset is disposed of, the gain or loss on disposal is determined as the difference between the proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and is recognised in profit or loss within other income or other expenses.



2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (comprising fittings and furniture) are initially recognised at acquisition cost or manufacturing cost, including any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Company's management

Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised on a straight-line basis to write down the cost less estimated residual value of Property, plant and equipment. The following useful lives are applied:

- Buildings : 3-60 years
- Plant and Equipment : 8-15 years
- Furniture and Fixtures : 8-10 years
- Vehicles : 6-10 years
- Office Equipment : 5 years
- Computers : 3-6 years

Material residual value estimates and estimates of useful life are updated as required, but at least annually.

Gains or losses arising on the disposal of Property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss within other income or other expenses.

2.7 Leased Assets

2.7.1 Finance leases

Management applies judgment in considering the substance of a lease agreement and whether it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset. Key factors considered include the length of the lease term in relation to the economic life of the asset, the present value of the minimum lease payments in relation to the asset's fair value, and whether the Company obtains ownership of the asset at the end of the lease term.

For leases of land and buildings, the minimum lease payments are first allocated to each component based on the relative fair values of the respective lease interests. Each component is then evaluated separately for possible treatment as a finance lease, taking into consideration the fact that land normally has an indefinite economic life.

See Note 2.8 for the depreciation methods and useful lives for assets held under finance leases.

The interest element of lease payments is charged to profit or loss, as finance costs over the period of the lease.

2.7.2 Operating leases

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Where the Company is a lessee, payments on operating lease agreements are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Associated costs, such as maintenance and insurance, are expensed as incurred.

2.8 Impairment testing of goodwill, other intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. Goodwill is allocated to those cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from synergies of a related business combination and represent the lowest level within the Company at which management monitors goodwill.

Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated (determined by the Company's management as equivalent to its operating segments) are tested for impairment at least annually. All other individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's (or cash-generating unit's) carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The data used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Company's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and asset-specific risk factors.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units reduce first the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to that cash-generating unit. Any remaining impairment loss is charged pro rata to the other assets in the cash-generating unit. With the exception of goodwill, all assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.



2.9 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

2.9.1 Initial recognition and measurement of financial instruments:

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. The company currently have security deposits, investment in preference shares of subsidiary companies, trade receivables, loans etc.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and subsequently all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

2.9.2 Classification and Subsequent measurement of financial assets:

Financial assets are classified as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- a) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met and it is not designated as at FVTPL:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are classified as measured at FVTPL. The Bank may designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise. The Bank has not applied fair value designation option for any financial assets.

2.9.3 Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a. Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g. security deposits
- b. Financial assets that are available for sale.
- c. Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Point c provided above.

The application of simplified approach require the company to recognise the impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL, which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive [i.e., all cash shortfalls], discounted at the original EIR. ECL impairment loss allowance [or reversal] recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss under the head 'other expenses'. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below :

Financial assets measured as at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivables and lease receivables: ECL is presented as an allowance reducing the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics.

2.9.4 Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied for liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and borrowings:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



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2.9.5 Reclassification of financial instruments:

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses [including impairment gains or losses] or interest. The Company did not reclassify any financial assets in the current period.

2.9.6 Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- Raw Materials, Packing Material and Stores & Spare Parts: Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on first-in-first-out basis.
- Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress: Cost includes cost of direct materials, labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs. Cost is determined on first-in-first-out basis.
- Stock-in-Trade: Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on first-in-first-out basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.11 Income Taxes

Tax expense recognised in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax not recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Calculation of current tax is based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred income taxes are calculated using the liability method.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss or deductible temporary difference will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Company's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss or credit.

2.12 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments maturing within 90 days from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.13 Equity, reserves and dividend payments

Share capital represents the nominal (par) value of shares that have been issued.

Share premium includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity include the following:

- Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability - Comprises the actuarial losses from changes in demographic and financial assumptions and the return on plan assets (see Note 2.13)
- Retained earnings includes all current and prior period retained profits and share-based employee remuneration (see Note 18). All transactions with owners of the parent are recorded separately within equity. Dividend distributions payable to equity shareholders are included in other liabilities when the dividends have been approved in a general meeting prior to the reporting date.



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2.14 Post-employment benefits and short-term employee benefits

Post-employment benefit plans

The Company provides post-employment benefits through various defined contribution and defined benefit plans.

Defined Contribution Plans :

Retirement benefits in the form of provident fund and employee state insurance are defined contribution schemes and the contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due.

Defined Benefit Plans :

Gratuity liability is defined benefit obligation and is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method made at the end of each financial year. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets, are recognised immediately in the Balance Sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to Retained Earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Leave Liability:

The employees of the Company are entitled to leave as per the leave policy of the Company. The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long term compensated absences are provided for based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year end. Actuarial gains/losses should be recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits, including holiday entitlement, are current liabilities included in pension and other employee obligations, measured at the undiscounted amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

2.15 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions for product warranties, legal disputes, onerous contracts or other claims are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Company and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain.

Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Any reimbursement that the Company is virtually certain to collect from a third party with respect to the obligation is recognised as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resources is remote.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate which reflects the current market assessment of time value of money. Government bond rate can be used as discount rate, as it is a riskfree pre-tax rate reflecting the time value of money. For this purpose, the discount rate should also be reassessed at the end of each reporting period, including the interim reporting date, if any.

2.16 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

Recognition of service and construction contract revenues :

Determining when to recognise revenues from after-sales services requires an understanding of both the nature and timing of the services provided and the customers' pattern of consumption of those services, based on historical experience and knowledge of the market.

Recognition of deferred tax assets :

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss carry-forwards can be utilised. In addition, significant judgement is required in assessing the impact of any legal or economic limits or uncertainties in various tax jurisdictions (see Note 2.11).

2.17 Estimation Uncertainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may be substantially different.

Impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

Useful lives of depreciable assets

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technological obsolescence that may change the utility of certain software and IT equipment.

Inventories

Management estimates the net realisable values of inventories, taking into account the most reliable evidence available at each reporting date. The future realisation of these inventories may be affected by future technology or other market-driven changes that may reduce future selling prices.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO)

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.



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A2Z Infraservices Limited

Significant accounting policies for the period ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Fair value measurement

Management uses valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management bases its assumptions on observable data as far as possible but this is not always available. In that case management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

2.18 Leases

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116-Leases effective 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (1st April, 2019). Accordingly, previous period information has not been restated. The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of a contract.

The Company as lessee

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset
- (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short term leases) and leases of low value assets. For these short term and leases of low value assets, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made. A lease liability is remeasured upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in the lease term or a change in an index or rate used to determine lease payments. The remeasurement normally also adjusts the leased assets.

The Company as lessor

i) Operating lease

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset is diminished. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

ii) Finance lease

When assets are leased out under a finance lease, the present value of the minimum lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method before tax, which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

2.19 Recent accounting pronouncement

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified Ind AS - 117 Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 - Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2024. The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.



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Note 3 : Property, Plant and Equipment

	Leasehold Improvement	Computers	Plant and Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Tools and Equipment	Office Equipment	Total	Right to use asset
Gross Carrying Amount:									
Balance as at March 31, 2023	47.47	373.56	2,569.10	177.45	115.02	17.30	143.85	3,443.76	18.32
Additions	-	6.15	25.55	3.88	52.77	-	3.87	92.23	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.32
Other adjustments	-	-	13.96	-	-	-	(13.96)	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	47.47	379.72	2,608.61	181.33	167.79	17.30	133.77	3,535.98	-
Additions	-	3.43	10.88	5.78	85.89	-	5.70	111.69	-
Disposals/Other adjustments	47.47	235.77	218.45	36.60	4.23	-	56.21	598.74	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	-	147.38	2,401.03	150.52	249.45	17.30	83.26	3,048.93	-
Depreciation and Impairment:									
Balance as at March 31, 2023	47.47	364.85	1,751.00	169.35	82.72	13.85	121.10	2,550.34	18.32
Depreciation for the year	-	4.97	134.91	2.87	11.35	0.44	3.21	157.74	-
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	1.52	(1.52)	-	-	-	-	-	18.32
Balance as at March 31, 2024	47.47	371.34	1,884.38	172.22	94.07	14.29	124.31	2,708.08	-
Depreciation for the period	-	4.97	127.34	2.71	15.04	0.42	3.48	153.96	-
Impairment for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/Other adjustments*	47.47	235.77	218.45	36.60	4.23	-	56.21	598.74	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	-	140.55	1,793.27	138.33	104.88	14.70	71.58	2,263.30	-
Net Carrying Amount:									
Balance as at March 31, 2025	-	6.83	607.76	12.18	144.57	2.59	11.68	785.63	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	-	8.37	724.22	9.11	73.72	3.01	9.46	827.90	-

* Includes adjustment on account of closure of the Mumbai branch: assets amounting to Rs. 598.74, which were fully depreciated in the previous year, have been removed from both the Gross Block and the Accumulated Depreciation.



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A2Z Infraservices Limited


Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Note 4 : Other Intangible Assets

	Computer Software	Intangibles assets under development	Total
Gross Carrying Amount:			
Balance as at April 1, 2023	257.13	-	257.13
Additions	0.78	-	0.78
Disposals	-	-	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	257.91	-	257.91
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	202.50	-	202.50
Other adjustments	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	55.41	-	55.41
Amortisation and Impairment:			
Balance as at April 1, 2023	255.22	-	255.22
Amortisation for the year	1.09	-	1.09
Impairment for the year	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	256.31	-	256.31
Amortisation for the year	1.10	-	1.10
Impairment for the year	-	-	-
Disposals	202.50	-	202.50
Balance as at March 31, 2025	54.91	-	54.91
Net Carrying Amount:			
Balance as at March 31, 2025	0.50	-	0.50
Balance as at March 31, 2024	1.60	-	1.60

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Note 5 : Investments:

Long Term Investments:

Carrying amount at amortised cost:

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Investments in Equity Instruments of subsidiaries	9.95	11.95
Investments in Preference Shares	1,372.88	1,291.79
Total	1,382.83	1,303.74

Investment in Equity Instruments:

Subsidiary Companies [Unquoted]:

24,500 (Previous Year - 24,500) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in Ecogreen Envirotech Solutions Limited	2.45	2.45
Nil (Previous Year - 10,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in Vsapients Techno Services Private Limited	-	1.00
Nil (Previous Year - 10,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in Vswach Environment (Aligarh) Private Limited	-	1.00
35,000 (Previous Year - 35,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	3.50	3.50
40,000 (Previous Year - 40,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	4.00	4.00

Investment in Preference Shares- Equity portion

15,21,713 (Previous Year - 15,21,713) 0.001% Non Participative Cumulative Preference Shares of A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	125.77	125.77
11,00,000 (Previous Year - 11,00,000) 0.001% non participative cumulative preference shares of Rs 10.00 Each, fully paid up in Ecogreen Envirotech Solutions Limited	103.64	103.64
95,00,000 (Previous Year - 95,00,000) 0.001% Non Participative Cumulative Preference Shares of A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	55.66	55.66
64,50,000 (Previous Year - 64,50,000) 0.001% Non Participative Cumulative Preference Shares of A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	349.91	349.91

Investment in Preference Shares- Debt portion

15,21,713 (Previous Year - 15,21,713) 0.001% Non Participative Cumulative Preference Shares of A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	71.32	63.46
11,00,000 (Previous Year - 11,00,000) 0.001% non participative cumulative preference shares of Rs 10.00 Each, fully paid up in Ecogreen Envirotech Solutions Limited	14.96	13.51
95,00,000 (Previous Year - 95,00,000) 0.001% Non Participative Cumulative Preference Shares of A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	76.66	68.22
64,50,000 (Previous Year - 64,50,000) 0.001% Non Participative Cumulative Preference Shares of A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	574.96	511.62

1,382.83 **1,303.74**

Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments

Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments

Aggregate amount of Impairment in value of Investments

1,382.83 1,303.74

Note 6 : Other Financial Assets

	As at			
	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
	Current	Non - Current	Current	Non-Current
[Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated]				
Security Deposits				
Considered Good	925.81	23.44	904.34	24.02
Considered doubtful	-	-	-	-
Earnest money deposit with customers				
Considered good	79.86	-	406.40	-
Considered doubtful	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful earnest money deposit	-	-	-	-
Earnest money deposit with customers	1,005.67	23.44	1,310.74	24.02
Advance recoverable in cash				
Considered good	62.48	-	69.89	-
Considered doubtful	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits	-	-	-	-
Advance recoverable in cash	62.48	-	69.89	-
Contract revenue in excess of billings [^]	1,528.49	-	2,213.79	-
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	33.88	-	7.51	-
Retention Money	548.17	-	970.17	-
Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity[*]	-	1,372.92	-	335.94
Total	3,178.69	1,396.36	4,572.10	359.96

[*] Held as margin money against bank guarantees and letter of credit and as debt service reserve account against term loans from banks.

[^] Contract asset as per INDAS 115



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Note 7 : Deferred tax assets (net)

Deferred tax liabilities

Depreciation

Deferred tax assets

Provision for doubtful debts

Provision for doubtful advances

Gratuity and 43B

INDAS 116

Total

March 31, 2025	As at	
	Charge to Profit and Loss account	March 31, 2024
41.36	(13.27)	28.09
41.36	(13.27)	28.09
73.12	64.56	137.69
859.72	0.07	859.79
228.40	68.18	296.58
1,161.25	132.81	1,294.06
1,119.90	146.07	1,265.97

Note 8 : Non Current Tax Assets (Net)

Advance payment of Tax [Net of provision]

Total

March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
3,068.84	2,996.60
3,068.84	2,996.60

Note 9 : Other Assets

[Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated]

Capital Advance

Prepaid expenses

Total

As at			
March 31, 2025	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Current	Non - Current	Current	Non-Current
-	30.65	-	118.65
83.12	-	58.13	-
83.12	30.65	58.13	118.65

Note 10 : Trade Receivables

(Unsecured, considered good)

Other than related parties

Considered good

Considered doubtful

Related parties

Considered good

Considered doubtful

Less: Allowances for credit losses

Total

As at	
March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
2,999.39	2,999.26
290.55	547.03
3,289.94	3,546.29
272.99	272.99
272.99	272.99
(290.55)	(547.03)
3,272.38	3,272.25

The movements in the allowance for credit losses is presented below:

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening Balance	547.03	221.90
Impairment loss/ reversed	(256.48)	325.13
Closing Balance	290.55	547.03

All trade receivables are short-term. The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value. The carrying amount of the receivable is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value which is measured at amortised cost. The effect of any difference between the effective interest rate applied and the estimated current market rate is not significant. All of the Company's trade and other receivables have been reviewed for credit loss.



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Ageing of trade receivables at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	2,496.19	16.22	2.13	51.15	300.96	2,866.64
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	290.55	290.55
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	(290.55)	(290.55)
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables — considered good	-	-	-	-	405.74	405.74
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,496.19	16.22	2.13	51.15	706.69	3,272.38

Ageing of trade receivables at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	2,064.11	53.62	23.52	43.21	682.06	2,866.52
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	547.03	547.03
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	(547.03)	(547.03)
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables — considered good	-	-	-	-	405.74	405.74
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,064.11	53.62	23.52	43.21	1,087.80	3,272.25

Note 11: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Balances with Banks in Current Account
Balances with Banks in other Account
Cash on Hand
Total

As at	As at
March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
22.46	17.63
138.41	-
0.14	0.40
161.01	18.03

Note 12: Loans

(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)
Advances and loans to group companies [*]
Loan to employees
Interest accrued and due from Group Company

Less: Provision for doubtful loans
Total

As at	
March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current	Current
5,056.59	3,914.56
-	0.10
388.77	388.77
5,445.36	4,303.43
3,415.93	3,415.93
2,029.42	887.50

[*] Details of Loans and Advances to related parties are as under:

- A2Z Green Waste Management Limited
 - A2Z Maintenance & Engineering Services Limited & Satya Builders (AOI)
 - Rishikesh Waste Management Limited
 - A2Z Waste Management (Jadhiana) Limited
 - Ecogreen Envirotech Solutions Limited
- Provisions for doubtful loans**
A2Z Green Waste Management Limited

3,415.93	3,415.93
445.19	445.19
44.00	44.00
9.44	9.43
1,142.03	
(3,415.93)	(3,415.93)
1,640.66	498.62



A2Z Infraservices Limited
Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Note 14 : Other Equity

Retained Earnings

Opening balance	3,303.88	1,597.63
Add: Transfer from statement of profit and loss	1,017.59	1,635.36
Add: Remeasurements benefits on defined benefit obligations	205.04	70.89
Closing balance	4,526.51	3,303.88

Employee stock option reserve

Opening balance	41.82	38.65
Add: Employee stock option expense	0.79	3.17
Closing balance	42.60	41.82

General Reserve

Opening balance	22.11	22.11
Add: Transfer from statement of profit and loss	-	-
Closing balance	22.11	22.11

Capital Reserve

Opening balance	995.41	995.41
Add: Transfer from statement of profit and loss	-	-
Closing balance	995.41	995.41

Securities premium account

Opening balance	2,456.61	2,456.61
Add: Transfer from statement of profit and loss	-	-
Less: Premium Utilised	-	-
Closing balance	2,456.61	2,456.61

Total other equity

8,043.24	6,819.83
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Note 15 : Provisions

	As at March 31, 2025 Current	As at March 31, 2025 Non-Current	As at March 31, 2024 Current	As at March 31, 2024 Non-Current
Provision for Employee Benefits				
Provision for gratuity	7.75	229.91	13.02	500.32
Total	7.75	229.91	13.02	500.32

Note 16 : Current Borrowings

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Cash credit facilities (Secured)*	-	273.45
Loan from Group Company (Unsecured)	267.51	95.48
Loan from others	-	500.00
Loan from directors	2,287.00	1,292.00
Total	2,554.51	2,160.93

The carrying amount of working capital term loan, Cash credit facilities and Buyers credit facilities are considered to be same as their fair value due to their short term nature.

* Cash credit facility from banks amounting to INR Nil (March 31, 2024: INR 273.45 lacs), in case of A2Z Infraservices Limited, are secured by first pari passu charge on the current assets of holding company including book debts and other receivable and fixed assets of the company and also by Corporate Guarantee of the Holding Company and personal guarantee of Mr. Amit Mittal (Managing Director) and Ms. Dipali Mittal (Director) of the Company.



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A2Z Infraservices Limited
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Note 17: Trade Payables

Other than acceptances: total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises [*]
Other than acceptances: total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises
Sundry creditors (Creditors Expenses payable and Salaries payable)
Total

As at	As at
March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
466.63	183.43
2,941.40	3,213.17
3,408.02	3,396.60

[*] Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006 the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year

- principal amount	466.63	183.43
- interest amount	-	-

The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.

The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006.

The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and

The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006

All the trade payables are short term. The carrying value of trade payables are considered to be the reasonable approximation of fair value.

Ageing of trade payables at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	455.52	7.00	4.11	-	466.63
(ii) Others	10.99	2,208.96	46.41	675.03	-	2,941.40
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	10.99	2,664.49	53.41	679.14	-	3,408.02

Ageing of trade payables at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	-	183.43	-	-	-	183.43
(ii) Others	148.07	2,078.01	725.72	-	261.37	3,213.17
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	148.07	2,261.44	725.72	-	261.37	3,396.60

Note 18 : Other Financial Liabilities

Payable to group company
Security Deposit
Interest accrued for related parties
Total

As at	As at
March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current	Current
176.35	468.36
362.46	391.03
272.85	79.40
811.66	938.79

Note 19 : Other Liabilities

Statutory dues payable
Other payables
Total

As at	As at	As at	As at
March 31, 2025	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Current	Non - Current	Current	Non-Current
729.94	-	715.08	-
342.72	-	756.26	-
1,072.65	-	1,471.34	-



A2Z Infraservices Limited

Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR lacs)

Note 13: Share capital

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorised				
Equity shares of Rs 10 each	2,68,55,000	2,685.50	2,68,55,000	2,685.50
6% non cumulative redeemable preference share of Rs 100/- each*	500	0.50	500	0.50
6% non cumulative redeemable preference share of Rs 10/- each*	2,50,000	25.00	2,50,000	25.00
	2,71,05,500	2,711.00	2,71,05,500	2,711.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	38,15,978	381.60	38,15,978	381.60
	38,15,978	381.60	38,15,978	381.60

*Preference shares has been accounted on amortised cost

Note 13.1: Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up				
Opening balance	38,15,978	381.60	38,15,978	381.60
Add: Fresh issue	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	38,15,978	381.60	38,15,978	381.60

Note 13.2: Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share and also are entitled to receive dividend after preference shares. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. In the events of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity share will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note 13.3: Detail of shares held by A2Z Infra Engineering Limited, the holding company.

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up				
Opening balance	35,80,410	358.04	35,80,410	358.04
Add: Fresh issue	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	35,80,410	358.04	35,80,410.00	358.04

Note 13.4: Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of shares held	% of holding	Number of shares held	% of holding
Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up				
A2Z Infra Engineering Limited	35,80,410	93.83%	35,80,410	93.83%
	35,80,410	93.83%	35,80,410	93.83%

Note 13.5: Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of shares held	% of holding	Number of shares held	% of holding
Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up				
A2Z Infra Engineering Limited	35,80,410	93.83%	35,80,410	93.83%
	35,80,410	93.83%	35,80,410	93.83%



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Note 20 : Revenue from Operations

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Sale of Services		
Revenue from operation and maintenance services	21,581.74	22,009.77
Total	21,581.74	22,009.77

***Timing of revenue recognition**

Revenue recognition at a point of time	-	-
Revenue recognition over period of time	21,581.74	22,009.77

The amounts receivable from customers become due after expiry of credit period which on an average is less than 90 days. There is no significant financing component in any transaction with the customers. The Company provides agreed upon performance warranty for selected range of products. The amount of liability towards such warranty is immaterial.

Note 21 : Other Income

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Interest Income:		
on fixed deposits	73.42	24.91
on preference shares (notional portion)	81.09	72.36
on others	-	0.06
Rental income	10.80	-
Provision for doubtful debt written back	256.48	-
Total	421.80	97.33

Note 22 : Cost of Materials Consumed and Services

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Opening stock	-	2.36
Material consumed	836.66	1,185.71
Sub contractor / erection expenses	5,245.73	4,581.94
Other direct cost	695.53	509.53
Closing stock	-	-
Total	6,777.91	6,279.54

Note 23 : Employee Benefits Expense

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Salaries and bonus including directors' remuneration	11,367.49	11,218.07
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	1,015.86	1,078.09
Pensions – defined benefit plans	73.79	213.96
Share-based payments	0.79	3.17
Staff welfare expenses	15.32	11.15
Total	12,473.25	12,524.44

[*] The Company's contribution towards the defined contribution plan

The Company makes Provident Fund contributions to defined contribution retirement benefit plans for qualifying employees, as specified under the law. The contributions are paid to the Provident Fund Trust set up by the Company or to the respective Regional Provident Fund Commissioner under the Pension Scheme. The Company is generally liable for annual contribution and any shortfall in the trust fund assets based on the government specified minimum rate of return and recognises such contribution and shortfall, if any, as an expense in the year it is incurred.

Gratuity

The Company provides for the gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service of five years are eligible to gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is funded plan and the Company makes contributions to recognised funds in India. The Company does not fully fund the liability and maintains the target level of funding to be maintained over the period of time based on estimates of expected gratuity payments.

Defined Contribution Plan

The Company has also certain defined contribution plans. The contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees at the rate of 12% of the basis salary as per regulations. The contribution are made to registered provident fund administered by the government. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation the expense recognised during the period towards the defined contribution plan is INR 1015.86 lacs (Previous year : INR 1078.09 lacs)

Assets and Liability (Balance Sheet Position)

Particulars	As on	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Present Value of Obligation	249.57	524.75
Fair Value of Plan Assets	11.90	11.41
Surplus / (Deficit)	(237.66)	(513.34)
Effects of Asset Ceiling, if any	-	-
Net Asset / (Liability)	(237.66)	(513.34)

Expenses Recognized during the year

Particulars	For the year ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
In Income Statement	73.79	213.96
In Other Comprehensive Income	(274.00)	(94.74)
Total Expenses Recognized during the year	(200.20)	119.22



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Changes in the Present Value of Obligation

Particulars	For the year ending	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Present Value of Obligation as at the beginning	524.75	506.75
Current Service Cost	37.12	177.69
Interest Expense or Cost	37.49	37.07
Re-measurement (or Actuarial) (gain) / loss arising from:		
- change in demographic assumptions	-	-
- change in financial assumptions	13.34	10.45
- experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions)	(287.65)	(105.52)
- others	-	-
Benefits Paid	(75.48)	(101.69)
Present Value of Obligation as at the end	249.57	524.75

Bifurcation of Present Value of Obligation

Particulars	As on	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current Liability (Short term)	7.75	13.02
Non-Current Liability (Long term)	241.82	511.73
Present Value of Obligation	249.57	524.75

Plan assets

The reconciliation of the balance of the assets held for the Group's defined benefit plan is presented below:

Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets

Particulars	For the year ending	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Fair Value of Plan Assets as at the beginning	11.41	10.94
Investment Income	0.81	0.80
Employer's Contribution	-	-
Benefits Paid	-	-
Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense	(0.32)	(0.34)
Fair Value of Plan Assets as at the end	11.90	11.41

Expenses Recognised in the Income Statement

Particulars	For the year ending	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current Service Cost	37.12	177.69
Past Service Cost	-	-
Loss / (Gain) on settlement	-	-
Benefit paid	-	-
Net Interest Cost / (Income) on the Net Defined Benefit Liability / (Asset)	36.68	36.27
Expenses Recognised in the Income Statement	73.79	213.96

The current service cost and the past service cost are included in employee benefits expense. The net interest expense is included in finance costs.

Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	For the year ending	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Actuarial (gains) / losses		
- change in demographic assumptions	-	-
- change in financial assumptions	13.34	10.45
- experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions)	(287.65)	(105.52)
Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense	0.32	0.34
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive income	(274.00)	(94.74)

Financial Assumptions

The principal financial assumptions used in the valuation are shown in the table below:

Particulars	As on	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Discount rate (per annum)	6.70%	7.15%
Salary growth rate (per annum)	5.00%	5.00%

Demographic Assumptions

Particulars	As on	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Mortality Rate (% of IAIM 06-08)	100.00%	100.00%
Normal retirement age	58 Years	58 Years
Withdrawal rates, based on service years: (per annum)		
4 and below years	20.00%	20.00%
Above 4 years	2.00%	2.00%



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A2Z Infraservices Limited

Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Laacs)

These assumptions were developed by management with the assistance of independent actuaries. Discount factors are determined close to each year-end by reference to market yields of high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation. Other assumptions are based on current actuarial benchmarks and management's historical experience.

Sensitivity Analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

Particulars	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
Defined Benefit Obligation (Base)	249.57		524.75	

Particulars	31-Mar-25		March 31, 2024	
	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Discount Rate (- / + 1%)	283.19	221.36	602.29	460.45
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	13.50%	-11.30%	14.80%	-12.30%
Salary Growth Rate (- / + 1%)	220.69	283.43	458.68	603.22
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	-11.60%	13.60%	-12.60%	15.00%
Attrition Rate (- / + 50%)	251.19	248.11	576.64	478.77
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	0.70%	-0.60%	9.90%	-8.80%
Mortality Rate (- / + 10%)	249.41	249.72	524.25	525.25
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	-0.01%	0.01%	-0.01%	0.01%

Please note that the sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

There is no change in the method of valuation for the prior period. For change in assumptions please refer to section 5 above, where assumptions for prior period, if applicable, are given.

Maturity Analysis

There is no change in the method of valuation for the prior period. For change in assumptions please refer to section 5 above, where assumptions for prior period, if applicable, are given.

	1 year	2 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	More than 10 years	Total
31-Mar-25					
Defined Benefit Obligation (pension and gratuity)	7.75	52.85	104.53	504.59	669.71
Post - employment medical benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Total	7.75	52.85	104.53	504.59	669.71
31-Mar-24					
Defined Benefit Obligation (pension and gratuity)	13.02	89.38	201.83	1,374.82	1,679.06
Post - employment medical benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Total	13.02	89.38	201.83	1,374.82	1,679.06

Note 24 : Finance Cost

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Interest expense [*]	450.90	249.10
Other Borrowing Costs		
Bank commission & charges	59.46	64.38
Total	510.36	313.48

[*] The break up of interest expense into major heads is given below:

On other bank loans	91.81	146.91
On others	359.09	102.19
Total	450.90	249.10

Note 25 : Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment expenses

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	153.96	157.74
Amortisation of intangible assets	1.10	1.09
Total depreciation and amortisation expense	155.05	158.83

Note 26 : Other Expenses

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Electricity	17.44	20.31
Rent	107.64	122.76
Interest and Penalty	2.82	1.91
Rates and Taxes	3.68	5.22
Insurance	71.50	48.89
Traveling & Conveyance	171.30	219.51
Communication expenses	21.99	16.32
Printing and stationery	11.62	11.15
GST Late Fee	2.41	1.09
Legal and Professional	20.96	24.13
Director sitting fees	2.40	1.90
Payment to auditors		
- Statutory audit fee	2.60	2.60
- Tax audit fee	0.38	0.38
Assets written off	2.00	-
Provision for doubtful debts		325.12
Donation (includes INR 13.00 laacs towards CSR in previous year)	14.12	13.94
Miscellaneous expenses	162.63	171.01
Total	615.48	986.24



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A2Z Infraservices Limited
Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)
Note 28 : Tax Expense

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Current Tax Expense	376.77	452.70
Deferred Tax Expense	77.11	(243.48)
Tax Expense	453.89	209.22

Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Profit before tax	1,471.48	1,844.57
Corporate tax rate as per income tax act, 1961	25.17%	25.17%
Tax on accounting profit	370.37	464.28
i) Tax effect on losses on which no deferred tax is created	-	(150.62)
ii) Others	83.51	(104.44)
Tax Expense	453.89	209.22

Note 27 : EPS

Earnings per share

Both the basic and diluted earnings per share have been calculated using the profit attributable to shareholders of the Company as the numerator, ie no adjustments to profit were necessary in 2024 & 2025.

The reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows:

Particulars

	Balance as on March 31, 2025	Balance as on March 31, 2024
Weighted average number of shares used in basic earnings per share	38,15,978	38,15,978
Shares deemed to be issued for no consideration in respect of share-based payments	-	-
Weighted average number of shares used in diluted earnings per share	38,15,978	38,15,978

The numerators and denominators used to calculate the basic and diluted EPS are as follows:

Profit attributable to Shareholders		1,017.59	1,635.36
Basic and weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year	Numbers	38,15,978	38,15,978
Nominal value of equity share	INR	10	10
Basic & Diluted EPS (in Rs.)	INR	26.67	42.86



A2Z Infraservices Limited

Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Note 29 : Related Party

Note 29.1 : Names of related parties

I) Holding company

A2Z Infra Engineering Limited

II) Subsidiaries of A2Z Infra Engineering Limited

1. A2Z Infraservices Limited
2. Blackrock Waste Processing Private Limited
3. A2Z Powercom Limited
4. Mansi Bijlee & Rice Mills Limited
5. Magic Genie Services Limited (Strike off w.e.f 26/06/2024)
6. A2Z Maintenance & Engineering Services Limited and Satya Builders (Association of person)

III) Associate of A2Z Infra Engineering Limited

1. A2Z Waste Management (Nainital) Private Limited
2. Greeneffect Waste Management Limited
3. A2Z Waste Management (Jaipur) Limited

IV) Subsidiaries of Greeneffect Waste Management Limited

1. A2Z Waste Management (Merrut) Limited
2. A2Z Waste Management (Moradabad) Limited
3. A2Z Waste Management (Varanasi) Limited
4. A2Z Waste Management (Badaun) Limited
5. A2Z Waste Management (Balua) Limited
6. A2Z Waste Management (Fatehpur) Limited
7. A2Z Waste Management (Jaunpur) Limited
8. A2Z Waste Management (Mirzapur) Limited
9. A2Z Waste Management (Ranchi) Limited
10. A2Z Waste Management (Sambhal) Limited
11. A2Z Waste Management (Dhanbad) Private Limited
12. A2Z Waste Management (Jaipur) Limited
13. A2Z Waste Management (Ahmedabad) Limited (Strike off w.e.f 11/06/2024)
14. Earth Environment Management Services Private Limited
15. Shree Balaji Pottery Private Limited
16. Shree Hari Om Utensils Private Limited



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A2Z Infraservices Limited

Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

V) Subsidiaries of A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited

1. Magic Genie Smartech Solutions Limited
2. Rishikesh Waste Management Limited

VI) Subsidiaries

1. Ecogreen Envirotech Solutions Limited (49% along with management control)
2. A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited
3. A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited
4. Vswach Environment (Aligarh) Private Limited (Strike off w.e.f 09/01/2025)
5. Vsapients Techno Services Private Limited (Strike off w.e.f 09/01/2025)

VII) Directors and KMP of the Company

1. Mr. Amit Mittal, Director
2. Mrs. Dipali Mittal, Whole Time Director
3. Mrs. Atima Khanna, Director
4. Ms. Chaitali Sharma, Director
5. Mr. Vikas Agarwal, Director
6. Mr. Krishan Kumar Mishra, Company Secretary (w.e.f 01/09/2024)

VIII) Private Companies in which a Director or Manager or his Relative is a Member or Director

Mr. Amit Mittal or his Relatives

1. Devdhar Trading & Consultants Private Limited
2. Mestric Consultants Private Limited

X) Directors and KMP of the Holding Company

1. Mr. Amit Mittal (Managing Director cum Chief Executive Officer)
2. Ms. Atima Khanna (Non-executive independent director)
3. Mrs. Dipali Mittal (Non-Executive Director)
4. Mr. Arun Gaur (Non-Executive Director)
5. Mr. Manoj Tiwari (Non-Executive Director)
6. Mrs. Ritu Goyal (Non-executive independent director)
7. Mr Parmatma Singh Rathore (Non-executive independent director)
8. Mr. Atul Kumar Agarwal (Compliance Officer and Company Secretary)
9. Mr. Lalit Kumar (Chief Financial Officer)



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A2Z InfraserVICES Limited

Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Note 29.2 : Related Party Transactions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025				As at March 31, 2024			
	Holding Company	Subsidiaries/ Fellow Subsidiaries	Associate of Holding Company	KMP	Holding Company	Subsidiaries/ Fellow Subsidiaries	Associate of Holding Company	KMP
Services Rendered-								
A2Z Infra Engineering Limited	-	-	-	-	(167.99)	-	-	-
Remuneration and sitting fees paid-								
Chaitali Sharma	-	-	-	1.10	-	-	-	1.00
Atima khanna	-	-	-	1.30	-	-	-	0.90
Krishan Kumar Mishra	-	-	-	8.17	-	-	-	-
Investment written off								
Vswach Environment (Aligarh) Private Limited	-	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vsapients Techno Services Private Limited	-	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rent Income								
A2Z Infra Engineering Limited	10.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan repaid								
Dipali Mittal	-	-	-	170.00	-	-	-	-
Loan Taken								
Amit Mittal	-	-	-	310.00	-	-	-	1,192.00
Dipali Mittal	-	-	-	855.00	-	-	-	100.00
Fund Transferred/ includes expenses incurred on behalf of the company-								
A2Z Infra Engineering Limited	669.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vsapients Techno Services Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	-	-
Eco Green Envirotech solutions Limited	-	1,279.55	-	-	-	2,886.97	-	-
A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	-	-	-	-	-	166.08	-	-
Priya Goel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150.00
Fund Received/ includes Expenses incurred on behalf of company								
A2Z Infra Engineering Limited	-	-	-	-	57.95	-	-	-
A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	-	2.04	-	-	-	165.73	-	-
A2Z Waste Management (Nainital) Limited	-	-	15.50	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income IND AS								
A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	-	16.30	-	-	-	14.54	-	-
Eco Green Envirotech solutions Limited	-	1.45	-	-	-	1.32	-	-
A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	-	63.34	-	-	-	56.51	-	-
Interest Expenses on Loan taken								
Dipali Mittal	-	-	-	44.40	-	-	-	0.71
Amit Mittal	-	-	-	149.04	-	-	-	37.49
Interest Expenses on Loan paid								
Priya Goel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.37
Balance outstanding as at the end of the period-								
Investment in equity share capital								
Eco Green Envirotech solutions Limited	-	2.45	-	-	-	2.45	-	-
A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	-	3.50	-	-	-	3.50	-	-
Vsapients Techno Services Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	-	-
Vswach Environment (Aligarh) Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	-	-
A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	-	4.00	-	-	-	4.00	-	-



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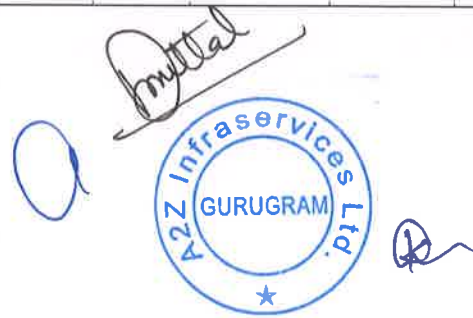


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A2Z InfraserVICES Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Investment in Preference share/debentures (Equity portion)								
Eco Green Envirotech solutions Limited	-	103.64	-	-	-	-	103.64	-
A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	-	125.77	-	-	-	-	125.77	-
A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	-	55.66	-	-	-	-	55.66	-
A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	-	349.91	-	-	-	-	349.91	-
Investment in Preference share/debentures (Debt portion)								
Eco Green Envirotech solutions Limited	-	14.96	-	-	-	-	13.51	-
A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	-	71.32	-	-	-	-	63.46	-
A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	-	76.66	-	-	-	-	68.22	-
A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	-	574.96	-	-	-	-	511.62	-
Creditors / Borrowing								
A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	-	172.03	-	-	-	-	169.99	-
Advance from customer								
A2Z Infra Engineering Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities-								
A2Z Waste Management (Aligarh) Limited	-	32.11	-	-	-	-	32.11	-
Eco Green Envirotech solutions Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	137.52	-
A2Z Waste Management (Nainital) Limited	-	-	20.50	-	-	-	-	5.00
A2Z Waste Management (Jaunpur) Limited	-	-	123.74	-	-	-	-	123.74
Unsecured Loan Given-								
Greeneffect Waste Management Limited	-	-	3,415.93	-	-	-	-	3,415.93
Rishikesh Waste Management Limited (Formerly known as A2Z Powertech Limited) (w.e.f. December 19, 2020)	-	44.00	-	-	-	-	44.00	-
Eco Green Envirotech solutions Limited	-	1,142.03	-	-	-	-	-	-
A2Z Maintenance & Engineering Services Limited & Satya Builder (AOP)	-	445.19	-	-	-	-	445.19	-
A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	-	9.44	-	-	-	-	9.44	-



A2Z InfraserVICES Limited

Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Interest Outstanding on Loan Given-							
A2Z Powercom Limited	-	0.31	-	-	-	0.31	-
Rishikesh Waste Management Limited	-	13.39	-	-	-	13.39	-
A2Z Maintenance & Engineering Services Limited & Satya Builder (AOP)	-	373.22	-	-	-	373.22	-
A2Z Waste Management (Ludhiana) Limited	-	1.85	-	-	-	1.85	-
Provision for doubtful loans							
Greeneffect Waste Management Limited	-	-	3,415.93	-	-	-	3,415.93
Borrowings-							
A2Z Powercom Limited	-	70.01	-	-	-	70.01	-
Mansi Bijlee and Rice Mills Ltd.	-	25.47	-	-	-	25.47	-
Amit Mittal	-	-	-	1,502.00	-	-	1,192.00
Dipali Mittal	-	-	-	785.00	-	-	100.00
Unbilled receivable							
A2Z Infra Engineering Limited	202.88	-	-	-	872.68	-	-
Debtor-							
Greeneffect Waste Management Limited	-	-	248.85	-	-	-	248.85
A2Z Waste Management (Balai) Limited	-	-	5.97	-	-	-	5.97
A2Z Waste Management (Varanasi) Limited	-	-	9.63	-	-	-	9.63
A2Z Waste Management (Mirzapur) Limited	-	-	1.28	-	-	-	1.28
A2Z Waste Management (Fatehpur) Limited	-	-	2.12	-	-	-	2.12
A2Z Waste Management (Badaun) Ltd	-	-	1.57	-	-	-	1.57
A2Z Waste Management (Sambhal) Ltd.	-	-	2.00	-	-	-	2.00
A2Z Waste Management (Dhanbad) Ltd	-	-	0.82	-	-	-	0.82
A2Z Waste Management (Moradabad) Ltd	-	-	0.74	-	-	-	0.74
Interest Outstanding on Loan taken-							
A2z powercom Ltd	-	34.05	-	-	-	34.05	-
Mansi Bijlee and Rice Mills Ltd.	-	3.16	-	-	-	3.16	-
Mestric Consultants Pvt.Ltd.	-	-	-	0.02	-	-	0.02
A2Z Waste Management (Nainital) Limited	-	-	3.98	-	-	-	3.98
Amit Mittal	-	-	-	186.53	-	-	37.49
Dipali Mittal	-	-	-	45.11	-	-	0.71
Remuneration Payable (Sitting fees)							
Chaitali Sharma	-	-	-	0.27	-	-	0.81
Atima khanna	-	-	-	0.36	-	-	0.90



A2Z INFRA SERVICES LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR lacs)

Note 30 : Financial risk management

(i) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three Levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three Levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

(ii) Financial Instruments by Category

For amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value.

Particulars	March 31, 2025			March 31, 2024		
	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost
Financial Assets						
Investments in Preference shares	-	-	86.28	-	-	76.97
Trade Receivables	-	-	3,272.38	-	-	3,272.25
Cash and Cash equivalents	-	-	161.01	-	-	18.03
Loans	-	-	2,029.42	-	-	887.50
Other Financial Asset	-	-	4,575.05	-	-	4,932.07
Total Financial Assets	-	-	10,124.14	-	-	9,186.81
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings	-	-	2,554.51	-	-	2,160.93
Trade payables	-	-	3,408.02	-	-	3,396.60
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	811.66	-	-	938.79
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	6,774.20	-	-	6,496.32

(iii) Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Bank deposits, diversification of asset base, credit limits and collateral.
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities
Market risk - foreign exchange	Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Cash flow forecasting	Forward contract/hedging
Market risk - interest rate	Long-term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Cross currency fix rate swaps
Market risk - security price	Investments in equity securities	Sensitivity analysis	Portfolio diversification

The Company's risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (of the company) under policies approved by the board of directors. The board of directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

A. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Company. The Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments carried at amortised cost and deposits with banks and financial institutions. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the reporting date, as summarised below:

The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by the Company, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on customers and other counterparties are obtained and used. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

The Company's receivables comprises of trade receivables. During the periods presented, the Company made no write-offs of trade receivables and it does not expect to receive future cash flows or recoveries from collection of cash flows previously written off. The Company has certain trade receivables that have not been settled by the contractual due date but are not considered to be impaired

Particular	INR (lacs)	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Not more than 30 days	1,760.28	1,760.28
More than 30 days but not more than 60 days	47.92	47.92
More than 60 days but not more than 90 days	115.46	115.46
More than 90 days	1,348.72	1,348.59



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A2Z INFRA SERVICES LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR lacs)

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any Company of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various industries and geographical areas. Based on historical information about customer default rates, management consider the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, mutual funds, and derivate financial instruments is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable organisations with high quality external credit ratings.

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balance as at the beginning of the year	334.27	334.27
Changes in provision	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year	334.27	334.27

B. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Due to the nature of the business, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed facilities.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates. In addition, the Company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity borrowings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

March 31, 2025	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings	2,554.51	-	-	-	2,554.51
Trade payables	3,408.02	-	-	-	3,408.02
Other Financial Liabilities	811.66	-	-	-	811.66
Total	6,774.20	-	-	-	6,774.20

March 31, 2024	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings	2,160.93	-	-	-	2,160.93
Trade payables	3,396.60	-	-	-	3,396.60
Other Financial Liabilities	938.79	-	-	-	938.79
Total	6,496.32	-	-	-	6,496.32

(a) Interest rate risk
(i) Liabilities

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At 31 March 2025, the Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates. The Company's investments in Fixed Deposits all pay fixed interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Variable rate borrowing	-	-
Fixed rate borrowing	2,554.51	2,160.93
Total borrowings	2,554.51	2,160.93

Sensitivity

Below is the sensitivity of profit or loss and equity changes in interest rates.

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Interest sensitivity*		
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points (100 bps)	25.55	21.61
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points (100 bps)	(25.55)	(21.61)

* Holding all other variables constant



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A2Z INFRASERVICES LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR lacs)

Note 32 : Capital Management Policies and Procedures

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, convertible preference shares, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company.

The Company's capital management objectives are:

- to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders

by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep the gearing ratio between 20% and 40%. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents, excluding discontinued operations.

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Borrowings	2,554.51	2,160.93
Trade Payables	3,408.02	3,396.60
Less: cash and cash equivalents	161.01	18.03
Net debt	5,801.52	5,539.50
Equity	8,424.84	7,201.43
Capital and net debt	14,226.37	12,740.93
Gearing ratio	40.78%	43.48%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.



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A2Z INFRA SERVICES LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025
(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Note 33 : Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

(a) Disaggregation of revenue into operating segments and geographical areas for the year ended March 31, 2025

Segment	Revenue as per Ind AS 115	Other Revenue	Total
Revenue from operations			
Revenue from operation and maintenance services	21,581.74	-	21,581.74
Other operating income			
Scrap sale	-	-	-
Total	21,581.74	-	21,581.74

(b) Out of the total revenue recognised under IND AS-115 during the year, INR 21,181.26 lacs is recognised over a period of time.

(c) Movement in Expected Credit Loss during the year:

Particulars	Provision on Trade receivables covered under Ind AS 115	Provision on Contract assets
Closing balance as at March 31, 2024	547.03	-
Changes in allowance for expected credit loss:		
Provision/(reversal) of allowance for expected credit loss	(256.48)	-
Additional provision (net) towards credit impaired receivables	-	-
Write off as bad debts	-	-
Closing balance as at March 31, 2025	290.55	-

(d) Contract balances:

(i) Movement in contract balances during the year:

Particulars	Trade Receivable	Contract assets	Contract liabilities
Opening balance as at April 1, 2024	3,272.25	-	-
Closing balance as at March 31, 2025	3,272.38	-	-
Net increase/(decrease)	0.13	-	-

(ii) Revenue recognised during the year from opening balance of contract liabilities amounts to INR Nil.

(iii) Revenue recognised during the year from the performance obligation satisfied in previous year (arising out of contract modifications) amounts to INR Nil.

(e) Cost to obtain the contract :

(i) Amount of amortisation recognised in Profit and Loss during the year 2024-25: Nil

(ii) Amount recognised as assets as at March 31, 2025 : Nil

(f) Reconciliation of contracted price with revenue during the year:

Opening contracted price of orders as at April 1, 2024*	44,463.71
Add:	
Fresh orders/change orders received (net)	37,006.93
Less:	
Orders completed during the year	26,595.21
Closing contracted price of orders as at March 31, 2025*	54,875.43
Total Revenue recognised during the year:	21,581.74
Less: Revenue out of orders completed during the year	3,461.57
Revenue out of orders under execution at the end of the year (I)	18,120.17
Revenue recognised upto previous year (from orders pending completion at the end of the year) (II)	23,133.64
Decrease due to exchange rate movements (net) (III)	13,621.62
Closing contracted price of orders as at March 31, 2025* (I+II+III)	54,875.43

*including full value of partially executed contracts.

(g) Remaining performance obligations: The aggregate amount of transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations and expected conversion of the same into revenue is as follows:

Particulars	Total	Expected conversion in revenue	
		Upto 1 Year	More than 1 year
Transaction Price allocated to remaining performance obligation	13,621.62	11,324.33	2,297.29



A2Z INFRASERVICES LIMITED

Notes to the financials statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Note 34: Corporate social responsibility

As per section 135 of the companies Act 2013, a company, meeting the eligibility criteria, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profits for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility(CSR) activities. The company CSR program/projects focuses on sectors and issues as mentioned in schedule VII read with section 135 of the act. A CSR committee has been formed by the company as per the act, the details are as under.

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Gross amount to be spent during the year for average profits for last three preceding year	12.09	-
Amount spent during the year	12.10	-
Opening balance of unspent amount	(0.59)	(0.59)
Closing balance of unspent amount	(0.60)	(0.59)

Note 35 : Financial ratios

Sl. No.	Ratio	At March 31, 2025	At March 31, 2024	Variance	Reason for variance
i	Current ratio	1.11	1.10	0.64%	No major variance
ii	Debt-equity ratio	0.30	0.30	1.05%	No major variance
iii	Debt service coverage ratio	(3.01)	(2.38)	26.33%	No major variance
iv	Return on equity ratio	0.01	0.01	118.88%	Variance is on account of increase in profit in current year.
v	Inventory turnover ratio	-	1,330.18	-100.00%	Variance is on account of decrease in inventory.
vi	Trade receivables turnover ratio	1.65	1.45	13.42%	No major variance
vii	Trade payables turnover ratio	0.50	0.48	3.19%	No major variance
viii	Net capital turnover ratio	24.81	26.60	-6.76%	No major variance
ix	Net profit ratio	0.05	0.07	-36.54%	Variance due to decrease in profit in current year.
x	Return on capital employed	0.15	0.21	-30.77%	Variance due to decrease in profit in current year.
xi	Return on investment	NA	NA	NA	NA



A2Z INFRA SERVICES LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are in INR Lacs)

Formulae for computation of ratios are as follows:-

Sl. No	Ratios	Formulae
1	Current ratio	Current assets ÷ Current liabilities
2	Debt-equity ratio	Total debt ÷ Shareholder's equity
3	Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings available for debt service* ÷ Debt Service**
4	Return on equity ratio	(Net profit after tax - Preference Dividend (if any)) ÷ Average shareholder's equity
5	Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold or sales ÷ Average Inventory
6	Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales ÷ Average accounts receivables
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	Net credit purchases ÷ Average trade payables
8	Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales ÷ Working capital
9	Net profit ratio	Net profit after tax ÷ Revenue from operations
10	Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and Taxes ÷ Capital employed****
11	Return on investment	(Current value of investment - Cost of investment) ÷ Cost of investment

* Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes*** + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc.

** Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments

*** "Net Profit after tax" means reported amount of "Profit / (loss) for the period" and it does not include items of other comprehensive income.

**** Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability

Note 36 : Post-reporting date events

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the 31 March 2025 reporting date and the date of authorisation 26th May, 2025.

Note 37 : Authorisation of financial statements

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 (including comparatives) were approved by the board of directors on 26th May, 2025.

For A.B. Sanwalka & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN 007017N

A.B. Sanwalka

Proprietor

M.No. 085861

**For and on behalf of the board of directors**

Amit Mittal
Director
(Din: 00058944)

Dipali Mittal
Whole time Director
(Din: 00872628)

Place: Gurugram

Date: 26.05.2024



Krishan Kumar Mishra
Company Secretary
M.No. A25496